AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

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707 Virginia Street E. • Suite 400 • Charleston, WV 25301 • Phone: 304.345.9400 • Fax: 304.345.7258 www.ggmcpa.net • Email: ggm@ggmcpa.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc. Charleston, West Virginia

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kanawha Charleston Humane Association, Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kanawha Charleston Humane Association, Inc. as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Kanawha Charleston Humane Association, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Kanawha Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Kanawha Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Kanawha Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2022 on our consideration of Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an

audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting compliance.

Gray, Griffith & Mays, a.c.

January 24, 2023 Charleston, West Virginia

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid and other current assets Total current assets	\$ 1,132,278 5,706 <u>3,480</u> 1,141,464	\$ 543,032 169,538 3,480 716,050
Investments, at fair value Property and equipment, net Other assets	446,775 929,629 531	546,403 1,005,911 531
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,518,399</u>	\$ 2,268,895
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt Deferred revenue Accounts payable Accrued payroll and payroll taxes Total current liabilities	\$ 9,287 34,021 23,779 <u>62,876</u> 129,963	\$ 13,865 34,021 55,833 <u>56,560</u> 160,279
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	8,885	9,723
Total liabilities	138,848	170,002
Net assets: Without donor restriction With donor restriction	2,138,793 240,758	1,816,449 282,444
Total net assets	2,379,551	2,098,893
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 2,518,399</u>	\$ 2,268,895

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2022

				2022		
	Wit	hout Donor	W	ith Donor		
	Re	estriction	R	estriction		Total
Revenue and other support:						
Adoption fees	\$	384,933	\$		\$	384,933
Fix Charleston income	ψ	272,297	ψ	-	Ψ	272,297
_		16,865		-		16,865
Boarding fees		,		-		,
Public contributions		540,298		-		540,298
Grants		146,800		-		146,800
Local government fees		243,456		-		243,456
Bequests and willed contributions		587,014		-		587,014
Fundraising		50,597		-		50,597
Employee Retention Credit		145,864		-		145,864
Investment income		<u>(21,221</u>)		(41,686)		(62,907)
Total revenue and other support		2,366,903		(41,686)		2,325,217
Expenses:						
Program services		1,705,558		-		1,705,558
Management and general		292,200		-		292,200
Fundraising		46,801		-		46,801
Total expenses		2,044,559		-		2,044,559
Change in net assets		322,344		(41,686)		280,658
Net assets, beginning	\$	1,816,449	\$	282,444	<u>\$</u> 2	2,098,893
Net assets, ending	\$	2,138,793	\$	240,758	\$ 2	2,379,551

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021			
	Without With Donor			
	Donor	Restriction	Total	
Revenue and other support:	• • • • • • • •	•	• • • • • - •	
Adoption fees	\$ 399,076	\$ -	\$ 399,076	
Fix Charleston income	274,352	-	274,352	
Boarding fees	21,928	-	21,928	
Public contributions	555,812	-	555,812	
Grants	266,700	-	266,700	
Local government fees	226,176	-	226,176	
Bequests and willed contributions	44,125	-	44,125	
Fundraising	13,130	-	13,130	
Paycheck Protection Program	73,070	-	73,070	
In-Kind revenue	162,937	-	162,937	
Miscellaneous sales	1,736	-	1,736	
Net assets released from restriction	-	-	-	
Investment income	63,366	33,638	97,004	
Total revenue and other support	2,102,408	33,638	2,136,046	
Expenses:				
Program services				
Management and general	1,475,494	-	1,475,494	
Fundraising	265,585	-	265,585	
Total expenses	23,196	-	23,196	
	1,764,275		1,764,275	
Change in net assets	, , , -		, - , -	
	338,133	33,638	371,771	
Net assets, beginning	,	,	,	
	1,478,316	248,806	1,727,122	
		· · · ·		
Net assets, ending	<u>\$ 1,816,449</u>	<u>\$ 282,444</u>	<u>\$ 2,098,893</u>	

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total
Personnel expenses	\$ 1,253,970	\$ 96,064	\$ 7,623	\$1,357,657
Clinic expenses	249,016	-	-	249,016
Animal care - food and supplies	7,179	-	-	7,179
Office supplies and expense	2,279	12,839	76	15,194
Repairs and maintenance	3,563	2,331	-	5,894
Insurance	25,916	29,268	-	55,184
Utilities	36,083	45,094	-	81,177
Advertising	2,501	7,917	2,972	13,390
Professional fees	19,067	28,600	-	47,667
Depreciation	61,458	33,092	-	94,550
Dues and subscriptions	1,920	733	7	2,660
Miscellaneous	41,431	15,810	153	57,394
Interest expense	1,175	-	-	1,175
Training	-	14,770	-	14,770
License and permits	-	1,093	-	1,093
Investment management				
fees	-	4,589	-	4,589
Fundraising expense - direct			35,970	35,970
Total expenses	<u>\$ 1,705,558</u>	\$ 292,200	\$ 46,801	\$2,044,559

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STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total
Personnel expenses	\$ 1,076,575	\$ 82,474	\$ 6,545	\$1,165,594
Clinic expenses	211,021	-	-	211,021
Animal care - food and supplies	7,860	-	-	7,860
Office supplies and expense	3,264	18,390	108	21,762
Repairs and maintenance	1,353	885	-	2,238
Insurance	31,904	36,030	-	67,934
Utilities	34,276	42,835	-	77,111
Advertising	1,841	5,828	2,188	9,857
Professional fees	18,560	27,841	-	46,401
Depreciation	55,963	30,134	-	86,097
Dues and subscriptions	1,529	583	6	2,118
Miscellaneous	28,592	10,910	105	39,607
Interest expense	2,756	-	-	2,756
Training	-	1,887	-	1,887
License and permits	-	727	-	727
Investment management				
fees	-	7,061	-	7,061
Fundraising expense - direct			14,244	14,244
Total expenses	<u>\$ 1,475,494</u>	<u>\$ 265,585</u>	<u>\$ 23,196</u>	\$1,764,275

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Change in net assets	\$ 280,658	\$ 371,771
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	. ,	. ,
to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation	94,550	86,097
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	77,087	(83,530)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts receivable	163,832	(162,938)
Prepaid expenses	-	1,740
Other assets	-	(259)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	(32,054)	21,428
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	6,316	(29,377)
Paycheck Protection Program advance		(73,070)
Net cash provided by operating activities	590,389	131,862
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of investments	419,048	251,935
Purchase of marketable securities	(396,507)	(248,875)
Purchase of equipment	(18,268)	(47,598)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	4,273	(44,538)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments on long-term obligations	(5,416)	(132,454)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	589,246	(45,130)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	543,032	588,162
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,132,278	\$ 543,032
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash payments for interest	<u>\$ 1,175</u>	\$ 2,756

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

The Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc. (Association) is a nonprofit corporation organized to promote humane treatment of animals; humane animal population control; and care for injured, homeless, strayed, and lost animals. The Association's facilities are used as the primary animal control shelter for Kanawha County and its municipalities.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Association have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities.

Basis of Presentation

Net assets and revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Association and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Without donor restriction – Resources available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions.

With donor restriction – Resources subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of financial statement presentation, cash equivalents are defined as shortterm highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are so near to maturity that they present an insignificant risk of change in value because of fluctuations in interest rates. Cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Checking account Money market accounts	\$1,109,545 2,733	\$ 531,937 <u> </u>
Total	<u>\$1,132,278</u>	\$ 543,032

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Donated Assets

Marketable securities and other noncash donations are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair values at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the donor has restricted the donated assets to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Association reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. The Association reclassifies net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions at that time.

Donated Services

No amounts have been reflected in the financial statements for donated services. The Association generally pays for services requiring specific expertise. However, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Association at its facilities, but these services do not meet the criteria for recognition as contributed services.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Exchange Transactions

The Association recognizes revenue in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, as amended. ASU 2014-09 applies to exchange transactions with customers that are bound by contracts or similar arrangements and establishes a performance obligation approach to revenue recognition. The Association records the following exchange transaction revenue in its statements of activities and changes in net assets for the years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Program Service Fees

Adoption fees – The Association recognizes revenue from adoption services when it satisfies the performance obligation. The performance obligation is delivery of the service, and the customer obtains control of the animal. The transaction price is set by the Association based on the current adoption rates. The services are transferred at a point in time and no transaction price allocation is required.

Clinic revenue – The Association recognizes revenue from services such as clinical animal health services when it satisfies the performance obligation. The performance obligation is delivery of the service to the customer. The transaction price is set by the Association and is a fixed fee based on the current service rates. The services are transferred at a point in time and no transaction price allocation is required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Contract Revenue

The Association contracts with local municipalities to provide emergency help for stray animals, aid law enforcement in incidents that involve animals, and to investigate reports of animal cruelty, abuse, and neglect. The Association views the package of services offered with the contract as one performance obligation and as such allocates the transaction price proportionally throughout the year. The contracts are negotiated on an annual basis for a fixed annual fee, paid in monthly installments. Accordingly, the transaction price is allocated monthly.

Grant Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Grant revenue from exchange transactions is recognized when the related costs are incurred. Grant and donations that are qualified as contributions with imposed restrictions are recognized as increases in net assets with donor restrictions unless the restrictions are met in the same reporting period the money is received, in which case the grants are accounted for as increases to net assets without donor restrictions.

Fundraising Event Revenue

The Association conducts special events in which a portion of the gross proceeds paid by the participant represents payment for the direct cost of the benefits received by the participant at the event- the exchange component, and a portion represents a contribution to the Association. Unless a verifiable objective means exists to demonstrate otherwise, the fair value of meals and entertainment provided at special events is measured at the actual cost to the Association. The contribution component is the excess of the gross proceeds over the fair value of the direct donor benefit. The direct costs of the special events, which ultimately benefit the donor rather than the Association, are recorded as costs of direct donor benefits in the statements of activities and changes in net assets. The performance obligation is delivery of the event. The event fee is set by the Association. FASB ASU 2014-09 requires allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations. Accordingly, the Association separately presents in the notes to financial statements the exchange and contribution components of the gross proceeds from special events. Special event fees collected by the Association in advance of its delivery are initially recognized as liabilities (deferred revenue) and recognized as special event revenue after delivery of the event. For special event fees received before year-end for an event to occur after year-end, the Association follows AICPA guidance where the inherent contribution is conditioned on the event taking place and is therefore treated as a refundable advance along with the exchange component.

Contribution Revenue

The Association recognizes non-exchange grants and contributions when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return or release, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Promises to give

Unconditional promises to give are stated at net realizable value. In accordance with financial accounting standards, unconditional promises to give are recognized as support in the period received. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

Bequests Receivable and Revenue Recognition

The Association may be named as a beneficiary in certain bequests. Management analyzes the terms of the bequest at such time that the Association is notified by the Executor. Bequest revenue and the related receivable are recorded if all conditions have been met and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Bequests receivable are stated at estimated net realizable value. There were no bequests receivable as of June 30, 2022 or 2021.

Income Taxes

The association is a nonprofit organization and is exempt from Federal and West Virginia state income tax under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). Consequently, no provision for Federal or state income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements. The Association's Department of the Treasury information returns are subject to examination, generally for three years after the filing date.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Major expenditures and those which substantially increase usual lives are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to operations when incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives that range from three to forty years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Expense Allocation

Directly identifiable expenses are charged to programs and supporting services. Expenses related to more than one function are charged to programs and supporting services based on an estimate by management given their knowledge and experience. Management and general expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but provide for the overall support and direction of the Association.

Change in Accounting Principle

As of July 1, 2021, the Organization adopted the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets (ASU 2020-07). The objective of ASU 2020-07 is to increase the transparency of contributed nonfinancial assets for not-for-profit entities through enhancements to presentation and disclosure. Results for reporting the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are presented under FASB ASC Topic 958. The ASU has been applied retrospectively to all periods presented, with no effect on net assets of previously issued financial statements.

2 - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,132,278	\$ 543,032
Accounts receivable	5,706	169,538
Prepaid and other current assets	3,480	3,480
	<u>\$1,141,464</u>	<u>\$ 716,050</u>

As part of the Association's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations come due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

3 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Detail of property and equipment is as follows:

	2022	2021
Land	\$ 217,367	\$ 217,367
Building	1,071,718	1,071,718
Machinery and equipment	496,077	477,809
Improvements	403,925	403,925
Furniture and fixtures	207,474	207,474
	2,396,561	2,378,293
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,466,932)	(1,372,382)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 929,629</u>	\$ 1,005,911

4 – RELATIONS WITH COUNTY AND CITY GOVERNMENTS

The Kanawha County Commission pays a portion of the salaries and related payroll costs for certain individuals staffing the Association's animal shelter. The amounts included in the accompanying financial statements relative to these employee costs were obtained from information provided by the county for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

The county and municipalities also provide vehicles used to transport animals to the shelter. Kanawha County and the City of Charleston provide for repair and operating costs for vehicles provided.

The City of Charleston, along with certain other municipalities in Kanawha County, contribute funds to the Association. The contributions are one-year appropriations generally paid monthly or quarterly.

5 – INVESTMENTS

The following schedule summarizes the investment return and its classification in the statement of activities for the years ended.

				2022	
	١	Without With Donor			
		Donor	Re	estriction	 Total
Interest and dividend income Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss)	\$	14,180 (35,401)	\$	- (41,686)	\$ 14,180 (77,087)
Total investment return	\$	(21,221)	\$	(41,686)	\$ (62,907)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2021	
	Without	With Donor	
	Donor	Restriction	Total
Interest and dividend income Net realized and unrealized gain	\$ 13,474 <u>49,892</u>	\$- <u>33,638</u>	\$ 13,474 <u>83,530</u>
Total investment return	\$ 63,366	<u>\$ 33,638</u>	\$ 97,004

6 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

FASB ASC 820 provides the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). All investments at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are level 1 and 2.

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Association has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in inactive markets, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Common stock: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange.

Fixed Income: Valued at the quoted net asset value of shares held at year end.

The preceding methods may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Association believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Association's fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

6 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

		June 30, 2022						
		Assets at Fair Value						
	Quo	Quoted Prices		gnificant				
	in Active Markets for		Other		Significant			
			Ob	servable	e Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
	lden	ldentical Assets (Level 1)		Inputs				Fair
	(_evel 2)				Value
Assets:	. <u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Equities	\$	246,799	\$	-	\$	-	\$	246,799
Fixed Income		-		199,977		-		199,977
	\$	246,799	\$	199,977	\$	_	\$	446,775

	June 30, 2021							
		Assets at Fair Value						
	Quo	oted Prices	Sigi	nificant				
	in Active Markets for		C	Other	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
			Obs	ervable				
	lden	ldentical Assets (Level 1)		puts				Fair
	(evel 2)			Value	
Assets:								
Equities	\$	322,334	\$	-	\$	-	\$	322,334
Fixed Income		-	2	224,069		-		224,069
	\$	322,334	\$ 2	224,069	\$	-	\$	546,403

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The Association's long-term debt consists of the following:

	2022	2021
SBA Disaster Loan, due in monthly installments of \$924 including interest at 2.935% with the final payment due 8/27/23.	\$ 18,172	\$ 20,368
BB&T Promissory Note, paid in full January 2022	 18,172	<u>3,220</u> 23,588
Less current maturities	9,287	13,865
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$ 8,885	\$ 9,723
Future scheduled maturities of long-term debt are as follows:		
Years		

Years		
Ending		
June 30,		
2023		\$ 9,287
2024		 8,885
		\$ 18,172

8 – CHARITABLE TRUST SPLIT-INTEREST AGREEMENT

During 2004, a donor, in his will, named the Association as half beneficiary to a trust established in his name. Under the terms of the trust, the Association is to receive half of the interest earned on the investments on at least a quarterly basis for 21 years following his death. At the end of the 21-year term the Association will receive half of the trust corpus. The Association's half interest in the trust corpus at the date was established and recorded as temporarily restricted income in the statement of activities, and the corresponding value of the Association's interest in the trust has been recorded as a temporarily restricted asset. Interest income on the investment is recorded as income without donor restrictions. Increase or decrease in the value of the trust is recorded as investment income with donor restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

9 - NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for:

	2022	2021
Net assets with donor restrictions held for a specific purpose	\$ 24,940	\$ 24,940
Charitable trust split interest agreement held in time restriction	215,818	257,504
	\$ 240,758	\$ 282,444

10 – CARES ACT FUNDING AND COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel strain of the Coronavirus, a pandemic. The coronavirus outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The full extent of the impact of the outbreak on the Association's financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak.

In response to economic uncertainty associated with the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, the Association has applied for or has taken advantage of temporary programs designed to provide economic relief to small businesses including provisions of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) which was signed into law on March 27, 2020.

Paycheck Protection Program

In May 2020, the Association executed closing documents on a forgivable loan under the Paycheck's Protection Program (PPP), a program established as part of the CARES Act designed to assist certain employers with payroll and other expenses. Under this program, unsecured loans are available that are forgivable for amounts related to certain payroll, mortgage, rent, utilities, employee benefits and state and local employer tax expenses for a period of twenty-four (24) weeks after the loan is received. Forgiveness provisions are also based on how employers utilize the funds for these designated expenses and maintaining or quicky rehiring employees and wage and salary levels. Forgiveness will be reduced if full-time headcount declines, or if salaries and wages decrease.

The Association received forgiveness of the PPP loan during the year ended June 30, 2021 and has chosen to analogize the guidance in FASB ASC 958-605, which addresses accounting for contributions received by not-for-profit entities. Accordingly, the Association has recorded the PPP loan as a conditional contribution in accordance with FASB ASC 958-605. Under this model, management has recorded the cash inflow from the PPP loan as a refundable advance. The Association reduces the refundable

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

advance and recognizes the contribution once the conditions of release have been substantially met. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Association recognized the \$73,070 PPP loan as revenue.

11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Association's management has evaluated events and transactions occurring after June 30, 2022 through the date of the Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were noted requiring adjustment to or disclosure in the Financial Statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



707 Virginia Street E. • Suite 400 • Charleston, WV 25301 • Phone: 304.345.9400 • Fax: 304.345.7258 www.ggmcpa.net • Email: ggm@ggmcpa.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc. Charleston, West Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expense, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kanawha-Charleston Humane Association, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gray, Griffith & Mays, a.c.

January 24, 2023 Charleston, West Virginia

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Years Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements: June 30, 2022

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
* Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	No <u>X</u>		
* Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes	No <u>X</u>		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	No <u>X</u>		

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.